

BATINGA AMC Stool Formed Elements Analysis Report

Hospital Address:SM CITY CDO UPTOWN Contact number:09061211260

Report No.:2607100004	Medical No.:	Test Time:2026.07.10 16:07:43
Pet Name:NICO	Pet type:Canine	Gender:Male
Age:2 Year	Sample Type:Feces	Owner:

Color:Other

Texture:Watery

Parameters	Result	Reference range	Negative	Positive
01.Parasite Eggs				
TXE# (Toxocara Egg)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
ANE# (Hookworm Egg)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
CEE# (Tapeworm Egg)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
DIP# (Dipylidium Tapeworm Egg)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
SPI# (Spirometra Tapeworm Egg)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
TtE# (Taenia Tapeworm Egg)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
TRE# (Brachylaime Egg)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
02.Intestinal Protozoa				
TRI# (Trichomonas)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
GIA# (Giardia)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
COD# (Isospora Oocyst)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
COD0# (Isospora Oocyst Stage 0)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
COD1# (Isospora Oocyst Stage 1)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
COD2# (Isospora Oocyst Stage 2)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
Tg# (Toxoplasma gondii)	0.00 Cells/LPF	0.00 - 0.00	-	
03.Pathogens				
COS# (Coccus)	127.50 Cells/HPF ↑	20.00 - 120.00		
BACI# (Bacillus)	676.95 Cells/HPF	80.00 - 2200.00		
C/B (Coccus-Bacillus Ratio)	0.19 ↑	0.01 - 0.15		
CAM# (Campylobacter)	0.00 Cells/HPF	0.00 - 4.50		
SFB# (Bacillus (spore-forming))	0.00 Cells/HPF	0.00 - 6.00		
SS1# (Serpentine Spirochaete)	0.00 Cells/HPF	0.00 - 0.00		
SS2# (Spirillum)	0.00 Cells/HPF	0.00 - 0.00		
YEA# (Yeast)	0.00 Cells/HPF	0.00 - 20.00		
04.Cells				
RBC# (Red Blood Cell)	0.00 Cells/HPF	0.00 - 1.00		
WBC# (White Blood Cell)	0.12 Cells/HPF	0.00 - 1.00		
EPC# (Epithelial Cell)	0.00 Cells/HPF	0.00 - 2.00		
05.Digestive Products				
STA# (Starch Granules)	0.00 Cells/HPF	0.00 - 2.00		
LFAT# (Lipid Droplets)	0.00 Cells/HPF	0.00 - 0.20		
PLA# (Plant Fiber)	0.00 Cells/HPF	0.00 - 0.10		
AF# (Muscle Fiber)	0.65 Cells/HPF ↑	0.00 - 0.10		

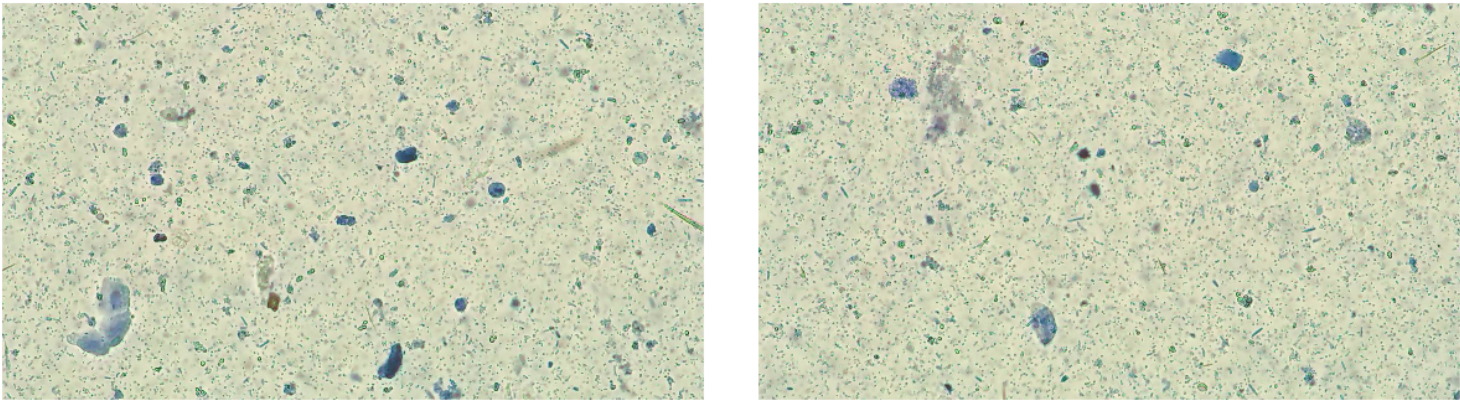


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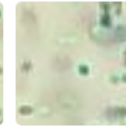
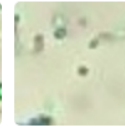
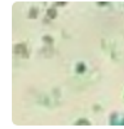
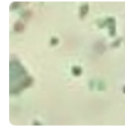
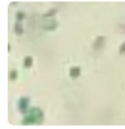
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Report No.:2607100004	Pet Name:NICO	Pet type:Canine
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Microbiota map

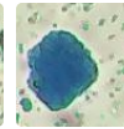
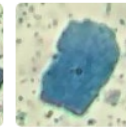
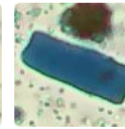
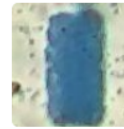
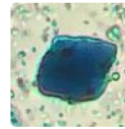
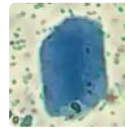
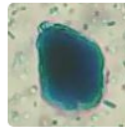
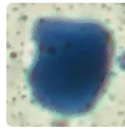
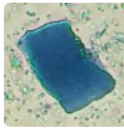
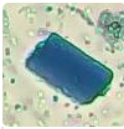
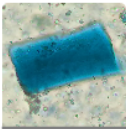


COS# 127.50 Cells/HPF



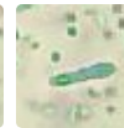
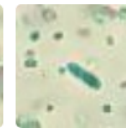
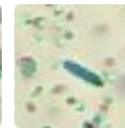
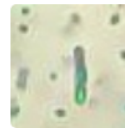
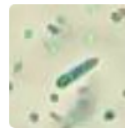
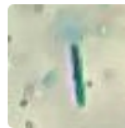
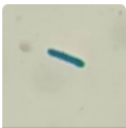
STD image 15um

AF# 0.65 Cells/HPF



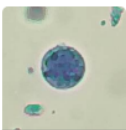
STD image 40um

BACI# 676.95 Cells/HPF



STD image 15um

WBC# 0.12 Cells/HPF



STD image 15um

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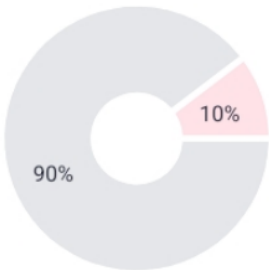
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1.Intestinal Dysbiosis

Basis for judgment:Elevated levels of cocci and increased C/B ratio together suggest intestinal microbiota imbalance, commonly seen in chronic enteritis or antibiotic-associated diarrhea.

2.Intestinal Mucosal Injury

Basis for judgment:Elevated muscle fibers indicate damage to the intestinal mucosa, commonly seen in chronic enteritis or indigestion, accompanied by diarrhea and weight loss.



Low Normal High

COS# 127.50 Cells/HPF ↑ (20.00 - 120.00)

-Clinical indication:Indicates an imbalance in the gut microbiota, which may be related to indigestion or infection
-Basis for judgment:According to 【1】 and 【3】 , an increase in cocci (COS#) is commonly seen in intestinal microecological disorders, related to diarrhea and indigestion, especially occurring after the use of antibiotics or during intestinal inflammation.

AF# 0.65 Cells/HPF ↑ (0.00 - 0.10)

-Clinical indication:Indicates gastrointestinal mucosal damage or indigestion
-Basis for judgment:According to ▽ 3 ▽ , elevated muscular fibers are common in intestinal mucosa shedding or digestive absorption disorders, related to enteritis.

C/B# 0.19 ↑ (0.01 - 0.15)

-Clinical indication:Intestinal microbiota imbalance, indicating intestinal flora disorder
-Basis for judgment:According to ESCCAP Guideline 06 (2025), an elevated ratio of cecum to colon (C/B) is a sign of dysbiosis of the intestinal flora, commonly seen in disorders of digestive function or infectious enteritis.

Possible diseases and basis for inference

Antibiotic-Associated Diarrhea High
Increase in COS# and C/B directly reflects flora disorder after antibiotic use

Chronic enteritis High
An increase in AF# directly reflects intestinal mucosal damage, which is consistent with the characteristics of chronic inflammation.

[1]Peregrine,A.S. Gastrointestinal Parasites in Small Animals [M/OL]. Merck Veterinary Manual, 2024 (9).
[2]Robertson L.J. Giardiasis in animals [M/OL]. Merck Veterinary Manual, 2025 (8).
[3]European Scientific Counsel Companion Animal Parasites (ESCCAP). ESCCAP guideline 06: control of intestinal protozoa in dogs and cats [M/OL]. European Scientific Committee on Parasitology of Companion Animals (ESCCAP), 2025 (3)