Biochemistry test report



Patient:MOTHER CATSpecies:FelinePatient ID:118165Client:GEMMA VELASCOGender:FemaleSample No.:07

Doctor: Age: 3Y Time of analysis: 2025/07/05 16:07

	Item		Current result		Ref. Ranges	
Protein	TP		6.88	g/dL	5.65-8.85	
Protein	ALB	<u> </u>	2.07	g/dL	2.20-4.00	
Protein	GLOB		4.81	g/dL	2.82-5.13	
Protein	A/G		0.4			
Liver and gallbladder	ALT		62.9	U/L	12.0-149.2	
Liver and gallbladder	AST	↑	189.2	U/L	0.0-60.0	•
Liver and gallbladder	AST/ALT		3.01			
Liver and gallbladder	ALP		59.7	U/L	8.7-110.9	
Liver and gallbladder	GGT		<2.0	U/L	0.0-8.2	
Liver and gallbladder	TBIL		<0.10	mg/dL	0.00-0.88	<u> </u>
Liver and gallbladder	ТВА		3.4	μmol/L	0.0-20.0	
Pancreas	AMY		735.9	U/L	555.6-1940.0	<u> </u>
Kidneys	BUN	1	34.00	mg/dL	12.79-32.06	<u> </u>
Kidneys	CREA		1.82	mg/dL	0.32-2.03	<u> </u>
Kidneys	BUN/CREA		18.6			
Cardiovasc./Muscle	СК	1	>2500.0	U/L	66.1-530.9	(
Cardiovasc./Muscle	LDH	1	542.6	U/L	0.0-334.2	
Energy metabolism	GLU	↓	56.8	mg/dL	61.1-151.2	
Energy metabolism	TC		152.7	mg/dL	72.3-225.8	
Energy metabolism	TG	↑	161.2	mg/dL	8.9-115.1	(
Minerals	Ca		7.56	mg/dL	8.40-11.16	
Minerals	PHOS		6.10	mg/dL	2.48-8.42	
Minerals	CaxP		3.72	mmol/L^2		
Minerals	Mg	1	3.30	mg/dL	1.77-2.96	<u> </u>
Electrolytes	Na+		157.5	mmol/L	141.0-166.0	
Electrolytes	K+		5.1	mmol/L	3.5-5.9	
Electrolytes	Na/K		30.6			
Electrolytes	CI-		128.1	mmol/L	104.4-129.0	

Operator:

Comprehensive Diagnosis Panel

QC QC OK

HEM(Hemolysis degree): 0 LIP(Lipemia degree): 1+ ICT(Jaundice degree): 0

The results only applies to this test sample.

Test Instrument:Mindray vetXpert C5

Time of Printing:2025-07-05 16:08:35







Patient: MOTHER CAT Species: Feline Patient ID: 118165 GEMMA VELASCO Gender: Sample No.: 07 Client: Female 2025/07/05 16:07 Doctor: Age: 3Y Time of analysis:

	Report Explan.	
ALB	↓	Increase is commonly associated with dehydration and corticosteroid administration, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with excessive infusion, malnutrition, hepatic insufficiency or failure, nephropathy, and protein-losing enteropathy.
AST	↑	Increase is commonly associated with liver injury and muscle injury, etc.
BUN	↑	Increase is commonly associated with high protein diet, gastrointestinal bleeding, nephropathy, and urinary obstruction, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insufficient protein intake and liver failure, etc.
СК	↑	Increase is commonly associated with trauma, increased muscle activity (such as tetanus and convulsion), myocarditis, and myocardial infarction, etc.
LDH	\uparrow	Increase is commonly associated with hemolysis (especially in canine), post-exercise, liver injury, exertional rhabdomyolysis, white muscle disease, myocardial injury, tumors, etc.
GLU	↓	Increase is commonly associated with diabetes and hypercorticalismus, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insulin administration, malnutrition, and insulinoma, etc.
TG	↑	Increase is commonly associated with postprandial, obesity, diabetes and hypercorticalismus, etc.
Са	↓	Increase is commonly associated with hypoadrenocorticism, lymphoma, and nephropathy, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with low calcium diet, hypoalbuminemia, nephropathy, and vitamin D deficiency, etc.
Mg	↑	Increase is commonly associated with nephropathy, hypoadrenocorticism, hypocalcemia, and muscle injury, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with gastrointestinal malabsorption, nephropathy, and hyperthyroidism, etc.

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.

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